

Multiplication Chart of 8

8	×	1	=	8
8	×	2	=	16
8	×	3	=	24
8	×	4	=	32
8	×	5	=	40
8	×	6	=	48
8	×	7	=	56
8	×	8	=	64
8	×	9	=	72
8	×	10	=	80
8	×	11	=	88
8	×	12	=	96

■ The doubling trick:

Every product in the 8 times table is exactly double the matching product in the 4 times table. If you know $4 \times 7 = 28$, then $8 \times 7 = 56$ — a shortcut for students who already know their 4s.